Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
Independent Auditors’ Report, Consolidated Financial Statements
and Supplemental Information
As of and for the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

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Independent Auditors’ Report

To the Board of Directors of
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Gaylord Farm Association, Inc. (the Association) as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets and shareholder’s equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Association’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of Gaylord Risk Solutions, Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary, whose statements reflect total assets of $5,243,107 and $5,354,067, total liabilities of $3,783,397 and $3,550,951 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, and total revenues of ($415,079) and ($135,312) and net loss of ($702,372) and ($121,844) for the years then ended, respectively. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Gaylord Risk Solutions, Ltd., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Gaylord Farm Association, Inc. as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, and the results of its consolidated operations and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating information listed within the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis of the consolidated financial statements rather than to present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the individual companies, and it is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the individual companies. The consolidating information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the consolidating information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

January 8, 2013
Avon, Connecticut
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.  
Consolidated Balance Sheets  
September 30, 2012 and 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current assets:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$635,238</td>
<td>$884,695</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of $458,000 in 2012 and $503,000 in 2011)</td>
<td>10,522,310</td>
<td>10,001,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets whose use is limited:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets held under bond indenture agreement</td>
<td>189,467</td>
<td>179,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pledges receivable, net</td>
<td>90,046</td>
<td>386,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other current assets</td>
<td>2,003,316</td>
<td>1,944,851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td>$13,440,377</td>
<td>$13,397,798</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Assets whose use is limited: | | |
| Pledges receivable | 231,120 | 310,105 |
| Board-designated investments | 14,349,648 | 13,693,257 |
| Donor restricted investments | 5,555,747 | 5,529,789 |
| Beneficial interest in trusts held by others | 11,240,066 | 9,748,956 |
| **Total assets** | $88,451,151 | $89,899,725 |

| Liabilities, Net Assets and Shareholder’s Equity | | |
|—— | —— | —— |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | $2,811,631 | $4,853,991 |
| Accrued payroll and related taxes | 4,730,818 | 3,819,490 |
| Line of credit | - | 450,000 |
| Estimated amounts due to third-party payers | 246,805 | 246,805 |
| Current portion of accrued pension obligation | 1,493,193 | 2,743,352 |
| Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations | 1,526,815 | 1,487,242 |
| **Total current liabilities** | 10,809,262 | 13,600,880 |

| Long-term debt and capital lease obligations, less current portion | | |
|—— | —— | —— |
| Accrued pension obligation | 18,153,360 | 19,570,309 |
| Captive insurance losses and other reserves | 16,609,410 | 14,699,268 |
| Interest rate swap liability | 2,819,498 | 2,827,083 |
| **Total liabilities** | 53,103,624 | 54,852,762 |

| Net assets and shareholder’s equity: | | |
|—— | —— | —— |
| Unrestricted net assets | 15,942,540 | 16,757,868 |
| Temporarily restricted net assets | 1,149,464 | 1,207,234 |
| Permanently restricted net assets | 16,795,813 | 15,278,745 |
| Shareholder’s equity | 1,459,710 | 1,803,116 |
| **Total net assets and shareholder’s equity** | 35,347,527 | 35,046,963 |

| Total liabilities, net assets and shareholder’s equity | | |
|—— | —— | —— |
| **Total liabilities, net assets and shareholder’s equity** | $88,451,151 | $89,899,725 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations and
Changes in Net Assets and Shareholder’s Equity
For the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net patient service revenue</td>
<td>$70,326,743</td>
<td>$67,064,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions and bequests</td>
<td>1,076,207</td>
<td>913,165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ceded premium</td>
<td>(325,000)</td>
<td>(332,500)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating revenue</td>
<td>725,080</td>
<td>637,668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net assets released from restrictions used for operations</td>
<td>279,175</td>
<td>145,235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td>72,082,205</td>
<td>68,428,315</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Expenses:</strong></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salaries and related expenses</td>
<td>49,528,721</td>
<td>46,823,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating expenses</td>
<td>5,606,698</td>
<td>5,531,291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional fees and contract services</td>
<td>8,060,187</td>
<td>6,818,453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>5,034,738</td>
<td>5,064,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortization</td>
<td>3,900,452</td>
<td>3,890,429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Occupancy costs</td>
<td>2,145,309</td>
<td>2,099,698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for bad debts</td>
<td>420,830</td>
<td>344,715</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>882,966</td>
<td>919,764</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Losses and loss adjustment expenses (recoveries)</td>
<td>164,137</td>
<td>(141,200)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenses</strong></td>
<td>75,744,038</td>
<td>71,351,090</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Loss from operations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(3,661,833)</td>
<td>(2,922,775)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other gains, net:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dividend and interest income</td>
<td>522,282</td>
<td>586,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net realized gains on investments</td>
<td>515,365</td>
<td>140,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss on equity investments</td>
<td>(75,252)</td>
<td>(5,304)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in fair value of interest rate swap agreement</td>
<td>(556,872)</td>
<td>(508,193)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total other gains, net</strong></td>
<td>405,523</td>
<td>213,895</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Excess of revenues under expenses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ (3,256,310)</td>
<td>$ (2,708,880)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

3
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations and
Changes in Net Assets and Shareholder’s Equity (continued)
For the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

Unrestricted net assets:

- Excess of revenues under expenses: $3,256,310 $2,708,880
- Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments: 2,557,046 (1,132,499)
- Pension related changes other than net periodic pension cost: (1,708,412) (3,183,532)
- Net loss of GRS: 702,372 121,844
- Net assets released from restrictions used for purchases of property, plant and equipment: 889,976 616,837
- Change in unrestricted net assets: (815,328) (6,286,230)

Temporarily restricted net assets:

- Restricted pledges and contributions: 719,251 187,488
- Investment income and realized gains on investments: 74,943 -
- Net unrealized gains on investments: 317,187 -
- Net assets released from restrictions: (1,169,151) (762,072)
- Change in temporarily restricted net assets: (57,770) (574,584)

Permanently restricted net assets:

- Restricted contributions and bequests: 25,958 29,320
- Change in beneficial interest in trusts held by others: 1,491,110 (419,464)
- Change in permanently restricted net assets: 1,517,068 (390,144)

Shareholder’s equity:

- Net loss of GRS: (702,372) (121,844)
- Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments of GRS: 358,966 (260,304)
- Change in shareholder’s equity: (343,406) (382,148)

Change in net assets and shareholder’s equity: 300,564 (7,633,106)

Net assets and shareholder’s equity, beginning of year: 35,046,963 42,680,069

Net assets and shareholder’s equity, end of year: $35,347,527 $35,046,963

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
Note 1 - General

Organization - Gaylord Farm Association, Inc. (the Association) is a not-for-profit corporation, which is a supporting corporation for Gaylord Hospital, Inc. (Gaylord), Gaylord Research Institute, Inc. (GRI), The Gaylord Foundation, Inc. (TGF), Farm Properties, Inc. (FP), Gaylord Farm Rehabilitation Center (GFRC) and Gaylord Risk Solutions, Ltd. (GRS).

Gaylord operates a chronic disease hospital that specializes in the care and treatment of people with medically complex conditions and rehabilitation including brain and spinal cord injury, pulmonary illness, stroke, neurological and orthopedic conditions. In addition, Gaylord runs outpatient clinics to provide physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy and physiatry services as well as sleep disorder centers.

GRI, TGF and FP are dormant corporations with no activity and GFRC is the supporting corporation for the Traurig House, which is a component of the Association’s traumatic brain injury care and treatment department.

GRS was incorporated on December 12, 2007 and operates subject to the provisions of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. GRS was granted an Unrestricted Class “B” Insurer’s license on December 28, 2007, which it holds subject to the provisions of the Insurance Law of the Cayman Islands. GRS is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Association.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation - The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Association and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related footnotes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant accounts that are impacted by such estimates and assumptions are the allowance for doubtful accounts, allowances for third-party payer discounts and settlements, accrued pension liabilities, malpractice loss reserves and the reserves for workers’ compensation insurance.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. In general, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures cash balances up to $250,000 per depositor, per bank. The FDIC also provides separate unlimited coverage for deposit accounts that meet the definition of non-interest bearing accounts. Unlimited coverage on non-interest bearing accounts extends until December 31, 2012. It is the Association’s policy to monitor the financial strength of the banks that hold its deposits on an ongoing basis. During the normal course of business, the Association maintains cash balances in excess of the FDIC insurance limit.

Property, Plant and Equipment - Property, plant and equipment acquisitions are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of each class of depreciable assets and is computed using the straight-line method. Equipment under capital lease obligations is amortized on the straight-line method over the shorter period of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the equipment. Such amortization is included in depreciation and amortization in the consolidated financial statements. Interest cost incurred on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.
Gifts of long-lived assets such as land, buildings or equipment are reported as unrestricted support, and are excluded from the excess of revenues over (under) expenses, unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, expirations of donor restrictions are reported when the donated or acquired long-lived assets are placed in service.

Investments - Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets. Investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends) is included in the excess of revenues over (under) expenses unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law. Unrealized gains and losses on investments are excluded from the excess of revenues over (under) expenses unless the investments are trading securities. Unrealized losses that have been deemed to be other than temporarily impaired are included within excess of revenues over (under) expenses.

Other Than Temporary Impairments on Investments - The Association accounts for other than temporary impairments in accordance with FASB ASC 320-10 “Investments - Debt and Equity Securities” and continually reviews its securities for impairment conditions, which could indicate that an other than temporary decline in market value has occurred. In conducting this review, numerous factors are considered, which include specific information pertaining to an individual company or a particular industry, general market conditions that reflect prospects for the economy as a whole, and the ability and intent to hold securities until recovery. The carrying value of investments is reduced to its estimated realizable value if a decline in fair value is considered to be other than temporary. There were no impairments recorded in 2012 or 2011.

Equity Investments - The Association has a fifty percent ownership interest in North Haven Fitness & Wellness, LLC (Fitness & Wellness). In addition, the Association has a fifty percent ownership in Gaylord Sleep HealthCenters of Connecticut, LLC (GSHC). The Association accounts for its investment interest in these entities using the equity method of accounting. As such, the Association adjusts its investments by its share of the investees net income (loss).

Deferred Financing Costs - Deferred financing costs have been recorded as an asset and are being amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the related financing agreement.

Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets - Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Association has been limited by donors to a specific time frame or purpose and are included in investments. Temporarily restricted net assets are available primarily for health care services, including cancer and pediatric programs and capital replacement.

Permanently restricted net assets consist of funds held in trust by others and the Association’s permanently restricted endowments, which are included in donor restricted investments. Permanently restricted endowments are investments to be held in perpetuity, the income from which is expendable to support health care services. The income from funds held in trust by others is expendable to support health care services.

Donor Restricted Gifts - Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to the Association are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the gift is received. The gifts are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets.
Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reported as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

**Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses** - The consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets includes excess of revenues over (under) expenses. Changes in unrestricted net assets, which are excluded from excess of revenues over (under) expenses, consistent with industry practice, include unrealized gains and losses on investments other than trading securities, assets released from restrictions for purchase of property, plant and equipment and certain changes in the pension liability.

**Income Taxes** - The Association is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is exempt from federal and state income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code. GRS is a not-for-profit captive insurance company organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

The Association accounts for uncertain tax positions with provisions of FASB ASC 740, “Income Taxes” which provide a framework for how companies should recognize, measure, present and disclose uncertain tax positions in their consolidated financial statements. The Association may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The Association does not have any uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2012 and 2011. As of September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Association did not record any penalties or interest associated with uncertain tax positions. The Association’s prior three tax years are open and subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

**Assets Whose Use is Limited** - Assets which have limited use include assets deposited with a trustee for debt service, pledges, assets set aside by the Board of Directors for future capital improvements and the Association’s beneficial interest in funds held in trust held by others.

**Interest Rate Swap Agreement** - The Association uses an interest rate swap agreement to modify its variable interest rate debt to a fixed interest rate, thereby reducing the Association’s exposure to interest rate market fluctuations. The interest rate swap agreement involves the exchange of amounts based on a fixed interest rate for amounts based on variable rates over the life of the agreement without the exchange of the notional amount upon which payments are based. The differential of amounts paid and received during the year is charged to interest expense and the amounts payable or receivable from the counter-party is included as an adjustment to accrued interest.

**Net Patient Service Revenue** - Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered, including retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payers. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period in which the related services are rendered and adjusted in the future periods as final settlements are determined.

**Charity Care** - The Association provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Association does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, the charges related to charity care services are offset within net patient service revenue.
Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The amount of traditional charity care provided, determined on the basis of cost, was approximately $19,019 and $19,524 for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Previously, the Association reported its estimates of services provided under its charity care programs based on gross charges. In connection with the Association’s adoption of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2010-23, “Health Care Entities (Topic 954): Measuring Charity Care for Disclosure,” amounts previously reported for care provided under its charity care programs have been restated to reflect the Association’s estimates of its direct and indirect cost of providing these services. This change had no impact on the Association’s consolidated results of operations.

Estimated Malpractice Costs - The Association maintains malpractice insurance coverage under claims made policies through GRS in 2012 and 2011. A provision for estimated medical malpractice claims includes estimates of the ultimate costs for claims incurred but not reported and is included within accounts payable and accrued expenses on the Association’s consolidated balance sheets.

Workers Compensation Costs - The Association is self-insured for workers’ compensation. Estimated self-insurance liabilities are included within accrued payroll and related taxes and are $1,102,510 and $1,092,336 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and include estimates for claim obligations related to claims occurring through September 30, 2012 and 2011.

Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses - The reserve for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses and the related reinsurance recoverable includes case basis estimates of reported losses, plus supplemental amounts calculated based upon loss projections utilizing actuarial studies, Gaylord’s own historical data and industry data. In establishing this reserve and the related reinsurance recoverable, GRS utilizes the findings of an independent consulting actuary. Management believes that its aggregate reserve for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses and the related reinsurance recoverable at year-end represents its best estimate, based on the available data, of the amount necessary to cover the ultimate cost of losses; however, because of the nature of the insured risks and limited historical experience, actual loss experience may not conform to the assumptions used in determining the estimated amounts for such asset and liability at the consolidated balance sheet date. Accordingly, the ultimate asset and liability could be significantly in excess of or less than the amount indicated in these consolidated financial statements. As adjustments to these estimates become necessary, such adjustments are reflected in current operations.

Recognition of Premium Revenues - Premiums written are earned on a pro-rata basis over the related policy period. The portion of premiums that will be earned in the future is deferred and reported as unearned premiums.

Reinsurance - In the normal course of business, GRS seeks to reduce its loss exposure by reinsuring certain levels of risk with reinsurers. Reinsurance is accounted for in accordance with FASB ASC 944-20, “Accounting and Reporting for Reinsurance of Short-Duration and Long-Duration Contracts”. Premiums ceded are expensed over the term of their related policies and recorded as a reduction of revenues.

Legislation - The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government health care program participation requirements, reimbursement for patient services and Medicare and Medicaid fraud and abuse. Government activity continues with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of fraud and abuse statues and regulations by health care providers. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government health care programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for patient services previously billed. Management believes that the Association is in compliance with fraud and abuse as well as other applicable government laws and regulations. While no known regulatory inquiries are pending, compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
As of and for the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted - In August 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-23, “Health Care Entities (Topic 954): Measuring Charity Care for Disclosure”. ASU No. 2010-23 is intended to reduce the diversity in practice regarding the measurement basis used in the disclosure of charity care. ASU No. 2010-23 requires that cost be used as the measurement basis for charity care disclosure purposes and that cost be identified as the direct or indirect cost of providing the charity care, and requires disclosure of the method used to identify or determine such costs. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, with retrospective application required. The Association’s adoption of ASU 2010-23 did not have a material impact on its overall consolidated financial statements.

In August 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-24, “Health Care Entities (Topic 954) Presentation of Insurance Claims and Related Insurance Recoveries”. ASU No. 2010-24 clarifies that a health care entity may not net insurance recoveries against related claim liabilities. In addition, the amount of the claim liability must be determined without consideration of insurance recoveries. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The Association’s adoption of ASU 2010-24 did not have an impact on its overall consolidated financial statements.

Pending Accounting Pronouncements - In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, “Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRs”. ASU No. 2011-04 amends certain guidance in ASC 820, “Fair Value Measurement”. ASU 2011-04 expands ASC 820’s existing disclosure requirements for fair value measurements and makes other amendments. ASU 2011-04 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and will be applied on a prospective basis. The Association is currently evaluating the effect that the provisions of ASU 2011-04 will have on the Association’s consolidated financial statements.

In July 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-07, “Health Care Entities (Topic 954), Presentation and Disclosure of Patient Service Revenue, Provision for Bad Debts, and the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts for Certain Health Care Entities”. ASU 2011-07 requires a health care entity to change the presentation of their statement of operations by reclassifying the provision for bad debts associated with patient service revenues from an operating expense to a deduction from patient service revenues (net of contractual allowances and discounts). Additionally, enhanced disclosures about an entity’s policies for recognizing revenue, assessing bad debts, as well as qualitative and quantitative information about changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts are required. ASU 2011-07 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2012. The Association does not believe adoption of ASU 2011-07 will have a material impact on its overall consolidated financial statements.

Reclassification - Certain amounts in the 2011 consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2012 presentation. These reclassifications had no material effect on the 2011 consolidated financial statements.

Subsequent Events - Subsequent events have been evaluated through January 8, 2013, the date through which procedures were performed to prepare the consolidated financial statements for issuance. Management believes there are no subsequent events having a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 - Net Patient Service Revenue

The Association has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Association at amounts different from its established rates. Contractual payment rates are subject to final determination by reimbursement agencies under each program. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payers follows:
Note 3 - Net Patient Service Revenue (continued)

Medicare - Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. Inpatient payments are made based on a per discharge amount under the LTCH-DRG inpatient payment system. Outpatient payments are made based on a per encounter amount under the APC outpatient payment system. The Association is reimbursed under the prospective payment system and files annual cost reports, which are subject to audit.

Medicaid - Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospective rates per day of hospitalization. These rates are not subject to retroactive adjustment. Outpatient services are reimbursed based on a fee schedule or percent of charges based on the services provided.

Blue Cross - Services rendered to Blue Cross beneficiaries are reimbursed on a per diem basis based on contracted rates.

The Association has also entered into payment agreements with certain other commercial insurance carriers and health maintenance organizations. The basis for payment to the Association under these agreements includes prompt payment provisions and discounts from established charges.

Net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gross patient service revenue</td>
<td>$195,997,746</td>
<td>$195,812,053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contractual allowances and adjustments</td>
<td>(125,671,003)</td>
<td>(128,747,306)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net patient service revenue</td>
<td>$70,326,743</td>
<td>$67,064,747</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Revenue from the Medicare and Medicaid programs accounted for approximately 37% and 10%, respectively, of the Association’s net patient revenue for 2012 and 40% and 9%, respectively, for 2011. Revenue from Blue Cross accounted for approximately 22% and 19% in 2012 and 2011, respectively. No other payer accounted for more than 10% of revenue in 2012 and 2011. Net patient service revenues are based upon complex payment systems and include estimates of amounts yet to be collected. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change in the near term. Any changes to estimates are recorded within current year operations.

The Association grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are insured under third-party payer agreements. The following summarizes payers that account for more than 10 percent of patient accounts receivable as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medicare</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicaid</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Cross</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Monthly, management reviews accounts receivable for uncollectible amounts and records an allowance for doubtful accounts based on specifically identified accounts, as well as an amount for expected bad debt based on historical losses.
**Note 4 - Investments**

Board-designated and donor restricted investments are invested as follows as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Market Cost</th>
<th>Market Value</th>
<th>Market Cost</th>
<th>Market Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash and money market funds</td>
<td>$81,275</td>
<td>$81,275</td>
<td>$318,590</td>
<td>$318,590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternative investment funds</td>
<td>2,080,608</td>
<td>2,224,716</td>
<td>2,519,488</td>
<td>2,047,429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity securities</td>
<td>4,258,787</td>
<td>5,324,232</td>
<td>5,116,350</td>
<td>5,164,432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - fixed income</td>
<td>5,642,829</td>
<td>5,901,987</td>
<td>5,840,852</td>
<td>5,786,021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - equity</td>
<td>5,287,290</td>
<td>6,373,185</td>
<td>5,747,393</td>
<td>5,906,574</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$17,350,789</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,905,395</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,542,673</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,223,046</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Investment balances that have been restricted by donors as of September 30, 2012 and 2011 are $5,555,747 and $5,529,789, respectively. The Board of Directors of the Association has restricted all other investments.

Current assets that are held under a bond indenture agreement, are deposited with a trustee for debt service funds. Such amounts are invested in United States treasury notes. In addition, investments held for funding of captive insurance liabilities of $3,846,709 and $3,517,224 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, are invested in bonds and fixed income mutual funds.

The Association also has a beneficial interest in trusts held by others of $11,240,066 and $9,748,956 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These funds are managed by the trustees of each fund and are invested primarily in cash equivalents, fixed income and equity securities.

The following table shows the investments’ gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Less than 12 Months</th>
<th>Greater than 12 Months</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fair Value</td>
<td>Unrealized Losses</td>
<td>Fair Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity securities</td>
<td>$88,786</td>
<td>$(13,811)</td>
<td>$159,203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternative investment funds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>996,770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>932,271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$88,786</strong></td>
<td><strong>$(13,811)</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,088,244</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 4 - Investments (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Less than 12 Months</th>
<th>Greater than 12 Months</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fair Value</td>
<td>Unrealized Losses</td>
<td>Fair Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity securities</td>
<td>$ 641,790</td>
<td>$(141,811)</td>
<td>$ 105,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternative investment funds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,543,651</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds</td>
<td>3,788,645</td>
<td>(140,895)</td>
<td>5,542,242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$ 4,430,435</td>
<td>$(282,706)</td>
<td>$ 7,191,883</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In 2012 and 2011, none of the investments that were in an unrealized loss position were considered to be other than temporarily impaired.

Investment income is comprised of the following for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dividend and interest income</td>
<td>$ 522,282</td>
<td>$ 586,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net realized gains on investments</td>
<td>515,365</td>
<td>140,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total investment return</td>
<td>$ 1,037,647</td>
<td>$ 727,392</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other changes in unrestricted net assets:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unrealized gains (losses) on other than trading securities</td>
<td>$ 2,557,046</td>
<td>$(1,132,499)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Investments in Joint Ventures** - The Association has a fifty percent ownership interest in Fitness & Wellness and a fifty percent ownership interest in GSHC. The Association accounts for its investment interest in these entities using the equity method of accounting.

The Association’s share of Fitness & Wellness’s net loss for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 was $195,647 and $118,629, respectively. In addition, the Association made a capital contribution to Fitness & Wellness of $45,000 and $30,601 during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The carrying amount of the Fitness & Wellness investment was $335,919 and $486,566 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and is included in other assets.

The Association’s share of GSHC’s net gain for the year ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 was $120,396 and $113,325, respectively. The Association has a receivable of $95,635 and $102,213 due from GSHC for a capital distribution as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which is included within other current assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The carrying amount of the GSHC investment was $125,323 and $100,562 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively and is included in other assets.
Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC 820-10, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures”, provides a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820-10 are described as follows:

**Level 1** - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Association has the ability to access.

**Level 2** - Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has specified (contractual) terms, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

**Level 3** - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability’s fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies for assets and liabilities measured at fair value. There have been no changes in methodologies used as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

**Cash and money market funds** - Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

**Equity securities** - Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

**Mutual funds** - Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

**Limited partnerships** - Valued based on net asset value (NAV) as calculated separately for each class and subclass of shares and for each series within a class of shares equal to the value of gross assets less gross liabilities at the date of determination divided by the total number of outstanding shares. Certain investments may not have readily available market values and may be subject to certain withdrawal restrictions. Liquidity can vary based on various factors and may include lock-up periods as well as redemption fees and/or restrictions. Audited financial statements were obtained as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, which reported unqualified opinions. Values as of September 30, 2012 and 2011 were determined utilizing the same methodologies as those reported in the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2011 and 2010. The following are the major categories of limited partnerships:
Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

**REITs** - This asset class seeks to generate net returns in excess of the UBS Global Real Estate Investor Index through the creation and active management of a portfolio of publicly traded securities issued by real estate investment trusts and other publicly held real estate company in North America, Europe, Australia and Asia.

**Limited liability companies** - Valued periodically based on the NAV per share. The NAV is determined by the investee company’s investment manager or custodian by deducting from the value of assets of the investee company all its liabilities and the resulting number is divided by the outstanding number of shares or units. The NAV per share is then multiplied by the total number of shares held by the Fund at the fiscal year end. Certain investments may not have readily available market values and may be subject to certain withdrawal restrictions. Liquidity can vary based on various factors and may include lock-up periods as well as redemption fees and/or restrictions. Audited financial statements were obtained as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, which reported unqualified opinions. Values as of September 30, 2012 and 2011 were determined utilizing the same methodologies as those reported in the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2011 and 2010. The following are the major categories of limited liability companies:

**Domestic equity** - This asset class seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation by investing in a portfolio of small and medium capitalization companies defined as companies whose market capitalizations fall within the range of the Russell 2500 index at the time of purchase.

**Registered investment companies** - Shares of registered investment companies are valued at the NAV of the shares held by the Fund at year end, where NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying assets in each fund. The following are the major categories of registered investment companies:

**REITs** - This asset class seeks to provide the diversification and total return potential of investments in real estate by investing primarily in companies whose business is to own, operate, develop and manage real estate.

If quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities are not available, then quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, will be used to determine fair value (Level 2 inputs). Securities typically priced using Level 2 inputs include government securities, corporate bonds and certificates of deposit.

**Beneficial interest in trusts held by others** - The value of the Association’s assets is based on total fund values and the Association’s corresponding beneficiary percentage.

**Interest rate swap liability** - The interest rate swap agreement is valued using third-party models that use observable market conditions as their input.

Investments measured at NAV are subject to various management, incentive and other fees based on NAV, classes, capital account balances and/or capital commitments. Investments may also be subject to lock up periods. The following table outlines restrictions on investments valued at NAV as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Fair Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited partnerships - REITs</td>
<td>$511,599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited liability companies - domestic equity</td>
<td>$1,151,558</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered investment companies - REITs</td>
<td>$485,172</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Fair Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited partnerships - REITs</td>
<td>$511,599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited liability companies - domestic equity</td>
<td>$1,151,558</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered investment companies - REITs</td>
<td>$485,172</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redemption Frequency (if Currently Eligible)</th>
<th>Redemption Notice Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monthly</td>
<td>15 business days prior to month end</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Association believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table presents the financial instruments carried at fair value as of September 30, 2012 by the valuation hierarchy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2012</th>
<th>Level 1</th>
<th>Level 2</th>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assets:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and money market funds</td>
<td>$ 81,275</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 81,275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited partnerships - REITs</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>511,599</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>511,599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited liability companies - domestic equity</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,151,558</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,151,558</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered investment companies - REITs</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>485,172</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>485,172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public REITs</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>76,387</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>76,387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity securities:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. large cap</td>
<td>3,724,618</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,724,618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. mid cap</td>
<td>1,514,569</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,514,569</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International developed</td>
<td>60,820</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>60,820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emerging markets</td>
<td>24,225</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24,225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - fixed income:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment grade taxable</td>
<td>3,901,578</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,901,578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International developed</td>
<td>2,000,409</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,000,409</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - equity:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International developed</td>
<td>5,440,914</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,440,914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emerging markets</td>
<td>932,271</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>932,271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>17,680,679</td>
<td>2,224,716</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>19,905,395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments held for captive insurance liabilities:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - fixed income</td>
<td>52,476</td>
<td>979,871</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,032,347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - equity</td>
<td>424,542</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>424,542</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed income securities</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,389,820</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,389,820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>477,018</td>
<td>3,369,691</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,846,709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds held under bond indenture agreements</td>
<td>189,467</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>189,467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficial interest in trusts held by others</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>11,240,066</td>
<td>11,240,066</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$ 18,347,164</td>
<td>$ 5,594,407</td>
<td>$ 11,240,066</td>
<td>$ 35,181,637</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swap liability</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 4,712,094</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 4,712,094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 4,712,094</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 4,712,094</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following table presents the financial instruments carried at fair value as of September 30, 2011 by the valuation hierarchy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2011</th>
<th>Level 1</th>
<th>Level 2</th>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and money market funds</td>
<td>$318,590</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$318,590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited partnerships - REITs</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$525,469</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$525,469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited liability companies - domestic equity</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$1,018,182</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$1,018,182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered investment companies - REITs</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$503,778</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$503,778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity securities:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. large cap</td>
<td>$3,815,823</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$3,815,823</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. mid cap</td>
<td>$1,320,396</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$1,320,396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emerging markets</td>
<td>$28,213</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$28,213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - fixed income:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment grade taxable</td>
<td>$3,955,053</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$3,955,053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International developed</td>
<td>$1,830,968</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$1,830,968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - equity:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International developed</td>
<td>$4,995,026</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$4,995,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emerging markets</td>
<td>$911,548</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$911,548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments held for captive insurance liabilities:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - fixed income</td>
<td>$47,232</td>
<td>$896,974</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$944,206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mutual funds - equity</td>
<td>$269,369</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$269,369</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed income securities</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$2,303,649</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$2,303,649</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$316,601</td>
<td>$3,200,623</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$3,517,224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds held under bond indenture agreements</td>
<td>$179,780</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$179,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficial interest in trusts held by others</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$9,748,956</td>
<td>$9,748,956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$17,671,998</td>
<td>$5,248,052</td>
<td>$9,748,956</td>
<td>$32,669,006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Liabilities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swap liability</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$4,155,222</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$4,155,222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$4,155,222</td>
<td>$-</td>
<td>$4,155,222</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As of September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Association’s other financial instruments included accounts receivable, pledges receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, line of credit, estimated third-party payer settlements, captive insurance reserves, long-term debt and capital lease obligations. The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate their fair value.
Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following are the changes within the beneficial interest in trusts held by others for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, which are classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of October 1, 2011</td>
<td>$ 9,748,956</td>
<td>$ 10,168,420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in market value</td>
<td>1,960,344</td>
<td>48,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributions</td>
<td>(469,234)</td>
<td>(467,536)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of September 30, 2012</td>
<td>$ 11,240,066</td>
<td>$ 9,748,956</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 6 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of the following as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land and improvements</td>
<td>$1,820,966</td>
<td>$3,567,551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings and improvements</td>
<td>57,491,710</td>
<td>57,358,538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed and moveable equipment</td>
<td>33,563,642</td>
<td>32,234,859</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>92,876,318</td>
<td>93,160,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization</td>
<td>$ (54,894,036)</td>
<td>$ (51,406,912)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>37,982,282</td>
<td>41,754,036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction in progress</td>
<td>195,112</td>
<td>183,550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$ 38,177,394</td>
<td>$ 41,937,586</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Depreciation expense for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 amounted to $3,487,125 and $3,455,220, respectively. Amortization expense for equipment under capital lease obligations was $395,108 and $416,990 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.
Note 7 - Other Assets

Other assets as of September 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investment in Fitness &amp; Wellness</td>
<td>$355,919</td>
<td>$486,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment in GSHC</td>
<td>125,323</td>
<td>100,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred financing costs</td>
<td>336,390</td>
<td>352,214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposits and other</td>
<td>128,528</td>
<td>146,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$946,160</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,086,089</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt, Lines of Credit and Lease Arrangements

**Lines of Credit** - The Association had available a $5,000,000 line of credit agreement, which was available for payment of costs associated with the construction of the 36-bed inpatient pavilion. On January 30, 2009, the Association converted this line of credit to a line of credit note in the amount of $1,625,000. As of September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Association had $0 and $450,000, respectively, outstanding on this line of credit note. Borrowings on the line of credit note were payable in annual installments with the final payment due on July 3, 2012. At the Association’s option, the line of credit note bears interest at the bank’s prime rate, as defined, plus 150 basis points or LIBOR plus 175 basis points.

**Long-term Obligations** - The Association also had a $3,000,000 line of credit agreement, which was renewable on an annual basis. On January 30, 2009, the Association converted this line of credit into a term loan promissory note whereby the $3,000,000 is payable in equal monthly installments of $50,000 with a final payment on January 31, 2014. At the Association’s option, the term loan promissory note bears interest at the bank’s prime rate, as defined, or LIBOR plus 100 basis points. As of September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Association had $850,000 and $1,400,000, respectively, outstanding on this term loan.

In April 2007, the Association, in conjunction with the State of Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority (CHEFA), issued $21,530,000 of Gaylord Hospital Series B variable rate demand revenue bonds (the Series B Bonds). The bond proceeds were used to refinance the amounts outstanding on the CHEFA Series A revenue bonds and for the construction of a 36-bed addition.

The Series B Bonds bear interest at a variable rate as determined by a re-marketing agent (approximately 0.2% and 0.3% as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively), which is adjusted weekly, and matures on July 1, 2037. For as long as the bonds are variable rate, the bond holders have the option to tender their bonds for repayment. The Association has a letter of credit from Bank of America, N.A., which is available to support its obligations under the Series B Bonds during this period. The letter of credit expires on January 3, 2014, subject to extension or earlier termination upon the occurrence of certain events set forth in the letter of credit agreement. At that time, the letter of credit can be renewed, at the bank’s discretion, the Association can convert the bonds to a fixed rate or repurchase the bonds outstanding on the date at their par value. Tenders made by bond holders will be remarshaled or, if necessary, paid by the drawdowns on the letter of credit. Any tender drawings made under the letter of credit are to be paid by the Association on the expiration date of the letter of credit. As of September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Association had $18,465,000 and $19,135,000, respectively, outstanding on the Series B Bonds.
Note 8 - Long-Term Debt, Lines of Credit and Lease Arrangements (continued)

The Series B loan and letter of credit agreements include certain financial covenants including a minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.25 to 1, a minimum required amount of unrestricted liquid assets of $10.0 million, and other restrictions, including limitations on future indebtedness and liens. The Association was in compliance with all covenants for 2012 and 2011.

Lease Abandonment Obligations - During 2010, the Association recorded a loss on abandonment of a long-term rental property in the amount of $147,543. The lease was previously accounted for as an operating lease and the Association was no longer utilizing the rental property and is unable to sublease the property. Consequently, the Association’s liability represents the present value of future minimum lease payments under this lease of $23,568 as of September 30, 2012. The lease expires in January 2013.

During 2009, the Association recorded a loss on abandonment of a long-term rental property in the amount of $92,035. The lease was previously accounted for as an operating lease and the Association was no longer utilizing the rental property and is unable to sublease the property. Consequently, the Association’s liability represents the present value of future minimum lease payments under this lease of $5,530 as of September 30, 2012. The lease expires in December 2013.

Letter of Credit - As a result of being self-funded for its workers’ compensation program, the Association is required by the State of Connecticut Workers’ Compensation Commission to hold a letter of credit in the aggregate amount of $650,000 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011. As of September 30, 2012 and 2011, there are no outstanding balances on the letter of credit.

Capital Lease Obligations - The Association leases certain equipment and software under capital lease obligations, expiring through December 2019. Future payments, including interest are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$ 173,687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>56,108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>32,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>32,593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>29,045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thereafter</td>
<td>55,059</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: interest</td>
<td>(43,008)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 336,077</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 8 - Long-Term Debt, Lines of Credit and Lease Arrangements (continued)

A summary of long-term debt and capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-term debt obligation</td>
<td><strong>$18,465,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,135,000</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term loan promissory note</td>
<td>850,000</td>
<td>1,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital lease obligations</td>
<td>336,077</td>
<td>416,044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease abandonment obligation</td>
<td>29,098</td>
<td>106,507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,680,175</strong></td>
<td><strong>21,057,551</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Less: current portion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>(1,526,815)</strong></td>
<td>(1,487,242)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>$18,153,360</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,570,309</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Scheduled principal repayments on the long-term debt and capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2012 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$1,526,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>983,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>785,919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>817,286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>850,129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thereafter</td>
<td>14,716,526</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,680,175</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Operating Leases** - The Association leases various equipment and space under operating leases expiring at various dates and month-to-month agreements. Some of these leases contain renewal options. Rent expense under such operating leases and agreements is $495,570 and $490,304, in 2012 and 2011, respectively. The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases as of September 30, 2012:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$421,727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>422,506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>401,315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>360,003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>198,333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thereafter</td>
<td>394,222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,198,106</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition, the Association leases land under a long-term lease agreement through 2106 to a third-party. Rental income is based on a percentage of the gross income earned by the lessee. Total rental income from this property was $196,124 and $182,096 for 2012 and 2011, respectively, and is included in other operating revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets and shareholder's equity.
Note 9 - Derivatives

The Association uses derivative instruments, specifically an interest rate swap, to manage its exposure to changes in the interest rate on its CHEFA debt. The use of derivative instruments exposes the Association to additional risks related to the derivative instrument, including market risk, credit risk and termination risk as described below, and the Association has defined risk management practices to mitigate these risks, as appropriate.

Market risk represents the potential adverse effect on the fair value and cash flow of a derivative instrument due to changes in interest rates or rate spreads. Market risk is managed through ongoing monitoring of interest rate exposure based on set parameters regarding the type and degree of market risk that the Association will accept. Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty on a derivative instrument may be unable to perform its obligation during the term of the contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes the Association, which creates credit risk. Credit risk is managed by setting stringent requirements for qualified counterparties at the date of execution of a derivative transaction and requiring counterparties to post collateral in the event of a credit rating downgrade or if the fair value of the derivative contract exceeds a negotiated threshold.

Termination risk represents the risk that the Association may be required to make a significant payment to the counterparty, if the derivative contract is terminated early. Termination risk is assessed at onset by performing a statistical analysis of the potential for a significant termination payment under various scenarios designed to encompass expected interest rate changes over the life of the proposed contract. The test measures the ability to make a termination payment without a significant impairment to the Association’s ability to meet its debts or liquidity covenants.

On August 1, 2007, the Association entered into an interest rate swap agreement with an initial notional amount of $21,530,000 to reduce the exposure to fluctuations in interest rates related to its CHEFA debt. The swap agreement, which expires in June 2027, requires that the Association make monthly payments to the counter-party, Bank of America, N.A., based upon a fixed interest rate of 4.28% and in return receives monthly payments from Bank of America, N.A. based on the Bond Index Association Municipal Swap Rate Index rate (0.18% and 0.16% as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively). The notional amount is scheduled to decrease as principal is paid on the CHEFA debt. Net amounts paid under the swap is recorded as additional interest expense. Based on information received from the counter-party, the swap agreement had an unfavorable fair value of $4,712,094 and $4,155,222 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Management has not designated the swap agreement as a hedging instrument. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap of $556,872 and $508,193 for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, is recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as a component of non-operating income.

Note 10 - Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are available for the following purposes as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health care services:</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Patient special needs</td>
<td>$6,789</td>
<td>$11,506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other restricted purposes</td>
<td>821,509</td>
<td>498,966</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital campaign</td>
<td>321,166</td>
<td>696,762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,149,464</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,207,234</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

The assets in the above table restricted for health care services are included within cash and cash equivalents on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Permanently restricted net assets are restricted to the following purposes as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investments to be held in perpetuity, the income of which is expendable to support patient special needs and other services</td>
<td>$5,555,747</td>
<td>$5,529,789</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficial interest in trusts held by others, the income of which is expendable to support other health care services</td>
<td>$11,240,066</td>
<td>9,748,956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$16,795,813</strong></td>
<td><strong>$15,278,745</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Association’s endowment consists of multiple funds established for a variety of purposes. The endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment fund and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments. As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, included funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor restrictions.

The Association has interpreted the relevant laws as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Association during its annual budgeting process.

The Association considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: (1) the duration and preservation of the fund; (2) the purposes of the Association and the donor-restricted endowment fund; (3) general economic conditions; (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation; (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments; (6) other resources of the Association; and (7) the investment policies of the Association.
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
As of and for the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

Changes in net assets for endowments and temporary restricted funds for the year ended September 30, 2012 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Unrestricted</th>
<th>Temporarily Restricted</th>
<th>Permanently Restricted</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of October 1, 2011</td>
<td>$13,693,257</td>
<td>$510,472</td>
<td>$5,529,789</td>
<td>$19,733,518</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment return:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>522,282</td>
<td>74,943</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>597,225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in market value</td>
<td>3,357,842</td>
<td>317,187</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,675,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>719,251</td>
<td>25,958</td>
<td>745,209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditures</td>
<td>(3,223,733)</td>
<td>(793,555)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(4,017,288)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of September 30, 2012</td>
<td>$14,349,648</td>
<td>$828,298</td>
<td>$5,555,747</td>
<td>$20,733,693</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Changes in net assets for endowments and temporary restricted funds for the year ended September 30, 2011 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Unrestricted</th>
<th>Temporarily Restricted</th>
<th>Permanently Restricted</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of October 1, 2010</td>
<td>$16,458,755</td>
<td>$597,512</td>
<td>$5,500,469</td>
<td>$22,556,736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment return:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>586,562</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>586,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net change in market value</td>
<td>(1,321,431)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(1,321,431)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>187,488</td>
<td>29,320</td>
<td>216,808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditures</td>
<td>(2,030,629)</td>
<td>(274,528)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(2,305,157)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance as of September 30, 2011</td>
<td>$13,693,257</td>
<td>$510,472</td>
<td>$5,529,789</td>
<td>$19,733,518</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Funds with Deficiencies - From time to time the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or relevant law requires the Association to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported in unrestricted net assets. As of September 30, 2012 and 2011, there were no funds that were below the level required by donor or law.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters - The Association’s investment and spending policies for endowment assets attempts to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of the S&P 500 index while assuming a moderate level of investment risk.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives - To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Association relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Board targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.
Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

Spending Policy - During its annual budgeting process, the Association appropriates donor restricted endowment funds for expenditure in accordance with donor purpose and time restrictions. During the year ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Board appropriated $3,223,733 and $2,030,629, respectively of funds for expenditure from its board restricted endowment funds. The board restricted endowment funds are being held for long-term growth and to maintain capital reserves for the Association.

Note 11 - Pension Plans

The Association has a noncontributory, defined benefit plan (the Plan). The benefits are based on years of service and an average of the five consecutive calendar years of highest compensation during the last ten years of employment. The Association makes contributions in amounts sufficient to fund the Plan as required by ERISA. The Plan was frozen effective October 31, 2004.

The following summarizes significant disclosures relating to the Plan as of September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change in benefit obligations:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefit obligations at beginning of year</td>
<td>$36,167,672</td>
<td>$34,102,808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest cost</td>
<td>1,664,730</td>
<td>1,712,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service cost</td>
<td>280,000</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial loss</td>
<td>4,540,807</td>
<td>2,410,259</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected administrative expenses</td>
<td>(247,351)</td>
<td>(250,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefits and plan expenses paid</td>
<td>(2,487,533)</td>
<td>(2,058,129)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefit obligations at end of year</td>
<td>$39,918,325</td>
<td>$36,167,672</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in plan assets:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year</td>
<td>$18,725,052</td>
<td>$19,013,691</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual return on plan assets</td>
<td>3,616,821</td>
<td>418,501</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer contributions</td>
<td>2,208,733</td>
<td>1,669,458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benefits and plan expenses paid</td>
<td>(2,487,533)</td>
<td>(2,058,129)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative expenses</td>
<td>(247,351)</td>
<td>(318,469)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair value of plan assets at end of year</td>
<td>$21,815,722</td>
<td>$18,725,052</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued pension liability:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unfunded status</td>
<td>$ (18,102,603)</td>
<td>$ (17,442,620)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 11 - Pension Plans (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net periodic benefit cost:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest cost</td>
<td>$1,664,730</td>
<td>$1,712,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service cost</td>
<td>280,000</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actuarial loss recognized</td>
<td>446,966</td>
<td>302,929</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected return on plan assets</td>
<td>(1,231,392)</td>
<td>(1,426,234)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net periodic benefit cost</strong></td>
<td>$1,160,304</td>
<td>$839,429</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Benefits expected to be paid over the next five years and the five years thereafter are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$2,477,396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>$2,749,163</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>$2,538,032</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>$2,489,282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>$2,698,586</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Years 2018-2022</td>
<td>$12,769,366</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Amounts recorded in unrestricted net assets as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, not yet amortized as components of net periodic benefit cost are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unamortized actuarial loss</td>
<td>$19,876,724</td>
<td>$18,168,312</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The amortization of the above items expected to be recognized in net periodic benefit income for the year ended September 30, 2012 is $638,042.

The following summarizes the key weighted-average actuarial assumptions used in determining the Plan’s benefit obligation and net benefit income:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Benefit obligations:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discount rate</td>
<td>3.85%</td>
<td>4.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net periodic benefit cost:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discount rate</td>
<td>4.75%</td>
<td>5.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected long-term return on plan assets</td>
<td>6.00%</td>
<td>6.80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 11 - Pension Plans (continued)

The fair values of the Association’s plan assets, by asset category are as follows, for the year ended September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Level 1</th>
<th>Level 2</th>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>750,129</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>750,129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9,541,727</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9,541,727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7,911,780</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,911,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>502,451</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>502,451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>269,917</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>269,917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>174,229</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>174,229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>218,765</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>218,765</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>331,953</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>331,953</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>140,853</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>140,853</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>954,988</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>954,988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>168,623</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>168,623</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>749,504</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>749,504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100,803</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100,803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20,965,415</td>
<td>850,307</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>21,815,722</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>634,938</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>634,938</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8,943,175</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8,943,175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6,302,610</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6,302,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>357,790</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>357,790</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>233,928</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>233,928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>193,891</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>193,891</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>173,403</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>173,403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>228,892</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>228,892</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>96,075</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>96,075</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>773,860</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>773,860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>208,820</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>208,820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>577,670</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>577,670</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18,147,382</td>
<td>577,670</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>18,725,052</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total

Note 11 - Pension Plans (continued)

The Association’s investment policy is to minimize risk by balancing investments between equity securities and fixed income debt securities, utilizing a weighted average approach with a minimum split of 60% equity securities and 40% fixed income debt securities and a maximum split of 80% equity securities and 20% fixed income debt securities. The expected return on plan assets assumption was determined based on a review of the Plan’s asset mix, capital market assumptions, and a review of the actual return on plan assets over the past ten years.

The Association has a defined contribution benefit plan, which became effective January 1, 2005. Substantially all full time employees are eligible to participate in the defined contribution plan. The Association made contributions to this plan totaling $194,812 and $131,973 in 2012 and 2011, respectively. Employees become vested in the Association’s contributions in three to five years. The portion of the employees contributions unvested upon termination are forfeited and used to reduce future contributions made by the Association on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

The Association also has established a 403(b) plan. Participants may elect to contribute a specific percentage of their compensation in pre-tax deferrals subject to established Internal Revenue Code limitations. Currently, the Association does not contribute to this plan.

The Association also has supplemental retirement plan agreements with certain former and current senior executives. The obligation related to this agreement is approximately $50,000 and $1,067,000 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and is recorded within accounts payable and accrued expenses within the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. During 2012, the Association made a payment of approximately $1,230,000 related to these agreements.

Note 12 - Functional Expenses

The Association provides health care services to residents within its geographic location. Expenses related to providing these services for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health care services</td>
<td>$57,381,203</td>
<td>$54,890,641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General and administrative</td>
<td>17,551,669</td>
<td>15,821,689</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundraising</td>
<td>811,166</td>
<td>638,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$75,744,038</strong></td>
<td><strong>$71,351,090</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 13 - Captive Insurance Activities

Effective January 1, 2008, GRS provided commercial and general liability coverage on a claims made basis to the Association. The coverage limits for the Association were $1,000,000 per claim with an annual aggregate of $4,000,000, plus $100,000 each incident in the event the aggregate is fully eroded. There is no aggregate limit for the commercial general liability.

Effective January 1, 2008, GRS provided an umbrella liability claims-made policy with a limit of $10,000,000 each claim and in the aggregate. GRS has fully reinsured this coverage with a highly rated commercial reinsurance carrier.
Effective January 1, 2008, GRS assumed through a loss portfolio transfer the outstanding loss obligations produced by CHCP, which covered incidents of healthcare professional liability and commercial general liability occurring at the Association from April 1, 2003 through December 31, 2007. The amount of the loss portfolio transfer was $1,482,688.

During the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, GRS issued a return premium in the amount of $900,000 and $675,000, respectively, to the Association. This return premium remains unpaid as of September 30, 2012 and 2011 and is reflected within due from affiliates on the accompanying consolidating balance sheet of the Association and is eliminated in consolidation.

A reconciliation of direct to net premiums on a written and earned basis is summarized as follows for years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Premium Written</th>
<th>Premium Earned</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct premiums</td>
<td>$ (157,031)</td>
<td>$ 201,875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ceded premiums</td>
<td>(325,000)</td>
<td>(325,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$ (482,031)</td>
<td>$ (123,125)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses is included within captive insurance loss and other reserves on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Activity in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses is summarized as follows for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance at beginning of the year</td>
<td>$ 2,388,646</td>
<td>$ 2,615,549</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: reinsurance recoverables</td>
<td>(678,921)</td>
<td>(757,650)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net balance beginning of the year</td>
<td>1,709,725</td>
<td>1,857,899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incurred related to:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current year</td>
<td>290,301</td>
<td>333,402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior years</td>
<td>(126,164)</td>
<td>(474,602)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total incurred</td>
<td>164,137</td>
<td>(141,200)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid related to:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior years</td>
<td>(89,779)</td>
<td>(6,974)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total paid</td>
<td>(89,779)</td>
<td>(6,974)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net balance end of the year</td>
<td>1,784,083</td>
<td>1,709,725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plus: reinsurance recoverables</td>
<td>663,930</td>
<td>678,921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance at end of the year</td>
<td>$ 2,448,013</td>
<td>$ 2,388,646</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note 13 - Captive Insurance Activities (continued)

As a result of changes in estimates of insured events in prior years, the provision for losses and loss adjustment expenses decreased by $126,164 and $474,602 in 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The above liability for loss and loss adjustment expenses have been determined using a 4% discount rate. The ultimate settlement of losses may vary significantly from the reserves recorded. In particular, ultimate settlements on medical malpractice claims depend, among other things, on the resolution of litigation, the outcome of which is difficult to predict. Also, since the reserves have been discounted, there is the possibility that the timing of loss payments and income earned on invested assets will be significantly different than anticipated.

Included on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets is a reinsurance recoverable of $663,930 and $678,921 as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which is due from one reinsurer. GRS continually evaluates the reinsurer’s financial condition. There can be no assurance that reinsurance will continue to be available to GRS to the same extent, and at the same cost, as it has in the past. GRS may choose in the future to reevaluate the use of reinsurance to increase or decrease the amounts of risk it cedes to reinsurers.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Association is involved in various legal actions arising in the normal course of activities. Although the ultimate outcome is not determinable at this time, management, after taking into consideration advice of legal counsel, believes that the resolution of these pending matters will not have a material adverse effect, individually or in the aggregate, upon the Association’s financial condition.

ASC 410-20 “Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations” addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets such as facilities containing asbestos, when the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. No Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) has been established as of September 30, 2012 and 2011, as no plans to renovate or sell any facility, or area within, with significant asbestos have been identified and therefore no settlement date has been determined. Management will continue to evaluate its exposure to asbestos removal and establish an ARO for the fair value of the associated costs once sufficient information has been obtained and a settlement date has been determined. Management does not believe that the liability is material to the overall consolidated financial results of the Association.

Note 15 - Risks and Uncertainties

Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the consolidated statements of financial position.

In addition, the Plan invests in various investments securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the consolidated statements of financial position.
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.  
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements  
As of and for the Years Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 16 - Pledges Receivable

Pledges receivable represent unconditional promises to give for the 36-bed addition. The following pledges are due to the Association as of September 30, 2012:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Due within one year</th>
<th>$90,046</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Due in one to five years</td>
<td>266,805</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Less: allowance for uncollectible pledges</th>
<th>(35,685)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$321,166</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 17 - Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures

The Association paid interest in the amount of $882,966 and $919,764 for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.
## Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.

### Consolidating Balance Sheet

**September 30, 2012**

### Assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gaylord Hospital, Inc.</th>
<th>Gaylord Risk Solutions, Ltd.</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Rehabilitation Center</th>
<th>Gaylord Research Institute, Inc.</th>
<th>Eliminations</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current assets:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$392,491</td>
<td>$242,747</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$635,238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient accounts receivable (less allowance of $458,000)</td>
<td>$10,522,310</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$10,522,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets whose use is limited:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets held under bond indenture agreement</td>
<td>189,467</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>189,467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pledges receivable, net</td>
<td>90,046</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>90,046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due from affiliates</td>
<td>3,143,230</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>(3,145,202)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other current assets</td>
<td>1,513,595</td>
<td>489,721</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,003,316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td>15,851,139</td>
<td>732,468</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>(3,145,202)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets whose use is limited:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pledges receivable</td>
<td>231,120</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>231,120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board-designated investments</td>
<td>14,349,648</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>14,349,648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donor restricted investments</td>
<td>5,555,747</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,555,747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficial interest in trusts held by others</td>
<td>11,240,066</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>11,240,066</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>31,376,581</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>31,376,581</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Liabilities, Net Assets and Shareholder’s Equity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>gaylord hospital, inc.</th>
<th>gaylord risk solutions, ltd.</th>
<th>gaylord farm rehabilitation center</th>
<th>gaylord research institute, inc.</th>
<th>eliminations</th>
<th>gaylord farm association, inc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current liabilities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable and accrued expenses</td>
<td>$2,747,732</td>
<td>$63,899</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$4,712,094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued payroll and related taxes</td>
<td>4,730,818</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,730,818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line of credit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due to affiliates</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>900,000</td>
<td>2,245,202</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$2,816,005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated amounts due to third-party payers</td>
<td>246,805</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>246,805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current portion of accrued pension obligation</td>
<td>1,493,193</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,493,193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations</td>
<td>1,526,815</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,526,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current liabilities</strong></td>
<td>10,745,363</td>
<td>963,899</td>
<td>2,245,202</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(3,145,202)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term debt and capital lease obligations, less current portion</td>
<td>18,153,360</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>18,153,360</td>
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<tr>
<td>Accrued pension obligation</td>
<td>16,609,410</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>16,609,410</td>
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<tr>
<td>Captive insurance losses and other reserves</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,819,498</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,819,498</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swap liability</td>
<td>4,712,094</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4,712,094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities</strong></td>
<td>30,220,227</td>
<td>3,783,397</td>
<td>2,245,202</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(3,145,202)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets and shareholder’s equity:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted</td>
<td>18,185,770</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(2,245,202)</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporarily restricted</td>
<td>1,149,464</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,149,464</td>
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<tr>
<td>Permanently restricted</td>
<td>16,795,813</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>16,795,813</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shareholder's equity</td>
<td>1,459,710</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,459,710</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total net assets and shareholder’s equity</strong></td>
<td>36,131,047</td>
<td>1,459,710</td>
<td>(2,245,202)</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities, net assets and shareholder’s equity</strong></td>
<td>$86,351,274</td>
<td>$5,243,107</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>(3,145,202)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying Independent Auditors’ Report.
### Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
#### Consolidating Balance Sheet
#### September 30, 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gaylord Hospital, Inc.</th>
<th>Gaylord Risk Solutions, Ltd.</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Rehabilitation Center</th>
<th>Gaylord Research Institute, Inc.</th>
<th>Eliminations</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current assets:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$ 487,626</td>
<td>$ 397,069</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
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<tr>
<td>Patient accounts receivable (less allowance of $540,000)</td>
<td>10,001,815</td>
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<tr>
<td>Assets whose use is limited:</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Assets held under bond indenture agreement</td>
<td>179,780</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pledges receivable, net</td>
<td>386,657</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Due from affiliates</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,543,065</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>(2,545,037)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other current assets</td>
<td>1,183,998</td>
<td>760,853</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td>14,782,941</td>
<td>1,157,922</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>(2,545,037)</td>
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<td><strong>Assets whose use is limited:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pledges receivable</td>
<td>310,105</td>
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<td>Board-designated investments</td>
<td>13,693,257</td>
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<td>Donor restricted investments</td>
<td>5,529,789</td>
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<td>Beneficial interest in trusts held by others</td>
<td>9,748,956</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>29,282,107</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Liabilities, Net Assets and Shareholder’s Equity</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current liabilities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable and accrued expenses</td>
<td>$ 4,805,123</td>
<td>$ 48,868</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
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<tr>
<td>Accrued payroll and related taxes</td>
<td>3,819,490</td>
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<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line of credit</td>
<td>450,000</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due to affiliates</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>675,000</td>
<td>1,870,037</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(2,545,037)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated amounts due to third-party payers</td>
<td>246,805</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current portion of accrued pension obligation</td>
<td>2,743,352</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Current portion of long-term debt and capital lease obligations</td>
<td>1,487,242</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total current liabilities</strong></td>
<td>13,552,012</td>
<td>723,868</td>
<td>1,870,037</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(2,545,037)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Long-term debt and capital lease obligations, less current portion</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Accrued pension obligation</td>
<td>14,699,268</td>
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<tr>
<td>Captive insurance reserves</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,827,083</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate swap liability</td>
<td>4,155,222</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities</strong></td>
<td>51,976,811</td>
<td>3,550,951</td>
<td>1,870,037</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(2,545,037)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net assets and shareholder’s equity:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrestricted</td>
<td>18,625,933</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(1,870,037)</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporarily restricted</td>
<td>1,207,234</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Permanently restricted</td>
<td>15,278,745</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shareholder’s equity</td>
<td>1,803,116</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total net assets and shareholder’s equity</strong></td>
<td>35,111,912</td>
<td>1,803,116</td>
<td>(1,870,037)</td>
<td>1,972</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total liabilities, net assets and shareholder’s equity</strong></td>
<td>$ 87,088,723</td>
<td>$ 5,354,067</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ 1,972</td>
<td>(2,545,037)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying Independent Auditors’ Report.
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
Consolidating Statement of Operations
For the Year End September 30, 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gaylord Hospital, Inc.</th>
<th>Gaylord Risk Solutions, Ltd.</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Rehabilitation Center</th>
<th>Gaylord Research Institute, Inc.</th>
<th>Eliminations</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net patient service revenue</td>
<td>$70,082,884</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$243,859</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contributions and bequests</td>
<td>1,076,207</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned written premium</td>
<td>- (90,079)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>90,079</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ceded premium</td>
<td>- (325,000)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating revenue</td>
<td>599,996</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>125,084</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net assets released from restrictions used for operations</td>
<td>279,175</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td>$72,038,262</td>
<td>(415,079)</td>
<td>368,943</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>90,079</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Expenses:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salaries and related expenses</td>
<td>48,881,515</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>647,206</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating expenses</td>
<td>5,263,601</td>
<td>203,897</td>
<td>49,121</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional fees and contract services</td>
<td>8,060,187</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>5,034,738</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortization</td>
<td>3,857,816</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>42,636</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Occupancy costs</td>
<td>2,145,309</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for bad debts</td>
<td>420,830</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>877,821</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,145</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loss and loss adjustment expenses</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>164,137</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenses</strong></td>
<td>$74,541,817</td>
<td>368,034</td>
<td>744,108</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>90,079</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Loss from operations</strong></td>
<td>(2,503,555)</td>
<td>(783,113)</td>
<td>(375,165)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other gains, net:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend and interest income</td>
<td>441,541</td>
<td>80,741</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net realized gains on investments</td>
<td>515,365</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss on equity investments</td>
<td>(75,252)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in fair value of interest rate swap agreement</td>
<td>(556,872)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total other gains, net</strong></td>
<td>324,782</td>
<td>80,741</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Excess of revenues under expenses</strong></td>
<td>$ (2,178,773)</td>
<td>$ (702,372)</td>
<td>$ (375,165)</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying Independent Auditors’ Report.
Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.
Consolidating Statement of Operations
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gaylord Hospital, Inc.</th>
<th>Gaylord Risk Solutions, Ltd.</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Rehabilitation Center</th>
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<th>Eliminations</th>
<th>Gaylord Farm Association, Inc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net patient service revenue</td>
<td>$66,776,439</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$288,308</td>
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<td>Contributions and bequests</td>
<td>913,165</td>
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<td>913,165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned written premium</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>197,188</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(197,188)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ceded premium</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(332,500)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(332,500)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operating revenue</td>
<td>507,069</td>
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<td>130,599</td>
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<td>637,668</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net assets released from restrictions used for operations</td>
<td>145,235</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>145,235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total revenues</strong></td>
<td>68,341,908</td>
<td>(135,312)</td>
<td>418,907</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>68,428,315</td>
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<td><strong>Expenses:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Salaries and related expenses</td>
<td>46,226,061</td>
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<td>597,339</td>
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<td>46,823,400</td>
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<td>5,490,261</td>
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<td>60,013</td>
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<td>5,531,291</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>3,890,429</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>2,099,698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for bad debts</td>
<td>344,715</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>344,715</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>912,115</td>
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<td>7,649</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>919,764</td>
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<tr>
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<td>-</td>
<td>(141,200)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(141,200)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenses</strong></td>
<td>70,781,574</td>
<td>37,005</td>
<td>729,699</td>
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<td>71,351,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Loss from operations</strong></td>
<td>(2,439,666)</td>
<td>(172,317)</td>
<td>(310,792)</td>
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<td>(2,922,775)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Other gains, net:</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend and interest income</td>
<td>536,089</td>
<td>50,473</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>586,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net realized gains on investments</td>
<td>140,830</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>140,830</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loss on equity investments</td>
<td>(5,304)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(5,304)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in fair value of interest rate swap agreement</td>
<td>(508,193)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(508,193)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total other gains, net</strong></td>
<td>163,422</td>
<td>50,473</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>213,895</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Excess of revenues under expenses</strong></td>
<td>$ (2,276,244)</td>
<td>$ (121,844)</td>
<td>$ (310,792)</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ (2,708,880)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying Independent Auditors’ Report.

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